

KES

Mechanical Type Stop Lamp Switch

KES D - C641

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1. Scope of Application

This standard specifies the Mechanical Type Stop Lamp Switch for use in automobiles.

2. Relation with Specification

This standard is to define the standards of testing method, judgement, quality rank. Other necessary testing method, judgement standard than the foregoing shall be defined in the specification. In such case, specification preceeds this standard.

3. Environment Condition of Test Place and Test Voltage

Unless otherwis specified, the test shall be normal temperature,per formed at normal humidity and nominal voltage. However, the normal temperature, and humidity are meant to be the combination of class 4 temperature ($20 \pm 15^{\circ}\text{C}$), class 3 humidity ($65 \pm 20\%$) specified in KS A 0006 (standard atmaspheric conditions of testing place).

4. Test Item, Method, Judgement Standard and Quality Rank

The test item, method, judgement standard and quality rank shall be as shown in Attached Table 1.

Appendix

This standard is effective from the date of establishment and revision

Standard Quoted

KS A 0006	(Standard atmospheric conditions of testing place)
KS R 1034	(Vibration test method for automobile parts)

Test Classification	No.	Test Item	Test Condition and Method	Judgement Standard	Quality Rank	Remark													
Basic Performance	4-5	Insulation resistance	At the conditions of manipulating all stroke and between terminal and case, measure insulation resistance between terminals with DC 500V insulation resistance gauge.	1MΩ or more.	B														
	4-6	Voltage drop	Supply regular electric current, and measure voltage drop between switch terminals. <div>Table 1 <table><tr><th rowspan="2">Electric Current (I)</th><th colspan="2">Voltage Drop</th></tr><tr><th>Befor test</th><th>After test</th></tr><tr><td>1≤15A</td><td>0.125 V</td><td>0.25V</td></tr><tr><td>15A≤I ≤25 A</td><td>½ [0.25 + (I-15) x 0.015)] V</td><td>[0.25 + (I-15) x 0.15] V</td></tr><tr><td>24A≤I</td><td>0.2V</td><td>0.4V</td></tr></table></div>	Electric Current (I)	Voltage Drop		Befor test	After test	1≤15A	0.125 V	0.25V	15A≤I ≤25 A	½ [0.25 + (I-15) x 0.015)] V	[0.25 + (I-15) x 0.15] V	24A≤I	0.2V	0.4V	The average value of 3 time tests shall be under instructed value of Table 1.	
Electric Current (I)	Voltage Drop																		
	Befor test	After test																	
1≤15A	0.125 V	0.25V																	
15A≤I ≤25 A	½ [0.25 + (I-15) x 0.015)] V	[0.25 + (I-15) x 0.15] V																	
24A≤I	0.2V	0.4V																	
Reliability	4-7	Insulation resistance	Add voltage of AC 500V with ordinary cycle between terminal and case for 1 min.	NO irregularities such as insulation destroy, Flash Over, creeping discharge.	B														
	4-8	Impact resistance	At regular attachment position of switch, add 50g of acceleration (or deceleration) the direction of up and down.	No irregularities such as destroy, or looseness of respective elements.	B														
	4-9	Vibration resistance	4-9-1 Vibration resistance test (A) vibrate at the instructed condition of Table 2 below. However this test shall be applied to the parts designated through a consultation with maker at developement stage.	No irregularities such as destroy or looseness at respective elements.	B														

Test Classification	No.	Test Item	Test Condition and Method	Judgement Standard	Quality Rank	Remark														
Reliability			Table 3																	
			<table><tr><th rowspan="2">Stage</th><th rowspan="2">Vibration Frequency (C/M)</th><th rowspan="2">Acceleration (g)</th><th colspan="3">Vibrating Time</th></tr><tr><th>Up Down</th><th>Left Right</th><th>Forth Back</th></tr><tr><td>4G</td><td>4,000</td><td>4.4</td><td>4H</td><td>2H</td><td>2H</td></tr></table>	Stage	Vibration Frequency (C/M)	Acceleration (g)	Vibrating Time			Up Down	Left Right	Forth Back	4G	4,000	4.4	4H	2H	2H		
	Stage	Vibration Frequency (C/M)	Acceleration (g)				Vibrating Time													
Up Down				Left Right	Forth Back															
4G	4,000	4.4	4H	2H	2H															
	4-10	Temperature resistance	Perform test at the condition as instructed below. For manipulation tests, expose 1 hour each at -30°C and 70°C and manipulate 10 times each manually. And, no voltage shall be loaded except when manipulating. After test, measure insulation resistance of 4-5 and voltage drop of 4-6 at normal temperature.	During test and after test there shall be no irregularities such as harmful deformation, swell-up, crack at respective portion and satisfy the after test values of 4-5 and 4-6.	B															
			<div><div><div><div><div><div>80±3°C</div><div>1H</div></div><div><div>0.5H</div><div>1H</div></div></div><div><div>0.5H</div><div>1H</div></div><div><div>0.5H</div><div>1H</div></div><div><div>0.5H</div><div>1H</div></div></div><div><div>10 times manipulation</div><div>10 times manipulation</div></div><div><div>-40±3°C</div><div>-30±3°C</div></div><div><div>Exposure Test</div><div>Manipulation Test</div></div></div><div>Voltage: 14 V when nominal voltage is 12 V. (28 V) when nominal voltage is (24 V) Load: Actual load (or rated electric current)</div></div>																	

Test Classification	No.	Test Item	Test Condition and Method	Judgement Standard	Quality Rank	Remark										
Reliability	4-13	Duration	4-13-1 Long term duration test o Test shall be performed according to the conditions instructed in following Table 6. Measure voltage drops 5-10 times before and after test in total, and measure manipulation strength and insulation resistance before and after test.	No irregularities during test and after test, the voltage drop shall satisfy after test value of 4-6. The manipulation strength and insulation resistance shall satisfy 4-3 and 4-5.	B											
			<table border="1"><thead><tr><th>Item</th><th>Condition</th></tr></thead><tbody><tr><td rowspan="2">Voltage</td><td>14V when nominal voltage is 12V.</td></tr><tr><td>28V when nominal voltage is 24V.</td></tr><tr><td>Load</td><td>120% of rated lamp load</td></tr><tr><td>Switching Speed</td><td>15-30 Times/min.</td></tr><tr><td>Moving Time of Push Rod</td><td>0.5 sec.or less</td></tr><tr><td>Manipulaing Frequency</td><td>1 x 16⁶</td></tr><tr><td>On Time</td><td>15-20% limits in 1 cycle</td></tr></tbody></table>				Item	Condition	Voltage	14V when nominal voltage is 12V.	28V when nominal voltage is 24V.	Load	120% of rated lamp load	Switching Speed	15-30 Times/min.	Moving Time of Push Rod
Item	Condition															
Voltage	14V when nominal voltage is 12V.															
	28V when nominal voltage is 24V.															
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Moving Time of Push Rod	0.5 sec.or less															
Manipulaing Frequency	1 x 16 ⁶															
On Time	15-20% limits in 1 cycle															
			4-13-2 Short thrm duration test o Same as the conditions of long term duration test only the manipulating frequency is as follows. Manipulating frequency: 5 x 10 ⁴	Same as 4-13-1		n=10 /10 months										

Test Classification	No.	Test Item	Test Condition and Method	Judgement Standard	Quality Rank	Remark
Reliability	4-14	Convection current test	<p>Depending on the inferiority of composed parts, establish the condition that may generate utmost heat and saturate temperature. However, regarding establishing conditions and parts, they may be consulted case by case.</p> <p>Remark: Composed parts means the load and wire harness that compose the circuits and the switch.</p>	No danger of fire and uneasiness.	B	

Test Classification	No.	Test Item	Test Condition and Method	Judgement Standard	Quality Rank	Remark													
	4-11	Humidity resistance	<p>Test shall be performed at the conditions instructed in table 4 below. After test, expose 24 hours to normal temperature and humidity, and measure insulation resistance and voltage drop.</p> <p>Table 4</p> <table><tr><td>Temperature</td><td>45±3°C</td></tr><tr><td>Humidity</td><td>90-95%</td></tr><tr><td>Times</td><td>72 hours</td></tr></table>	Temperature	45±3°C	Humidity	90-95%	Times	72 hours	After test, insulation and voltage drop shall satisfy the after test values of 4-5 and 4-6.	B								
	Temperature	45±3°C																	
Humidity	90-95%																		
Times	72 hours																		
	4-12	Temperature rising at contact point	<p>Supply rated electric current, and measure the temperature of conductive portion near contact point with thermocouples.</p> <p>Table 5</p> <table><tr><th colspan="2">Temperature of Contact Point</th><th>Temperature Rising</th></tr><tr><td rowspan="2">Magnet Contact</td><td>Copper or copper alloys</td><td>30 deg.</td></tr><tr><td>Silver or silver alloys</td><td>50 deg.</td></tr><tr><td rowspan="2">Stroke Contact</td><td>Copper or copper alloys</td><td>40 deg.</td></tr><tr><td>Silver or silver alloys</td><td>65 deg.</td></tr></table>	Temperature of Contact Point		Temperature Rising	Magnet Contact	Copper or copper alloys	30 deg.	Silver or silver alloys	50 deg.	Stroke Contact	Copper or copper alloys	40 deg.	Silver or silver alloys	65 deg.	The rising temperature at the time when the temperature of all part become even and constant shall be under the value of following Table 5.	B	
Temperature of Contact Point		Temperature Rising																	
Magnet Contact	Copper or copper alloys	30 deg.																	
	Silver or silver alloys	50 deg.																	
Stroke Contact	Copper or copper alloys	40 deg.																	
	Silver or silver alloys	65 deg.																	

Test Classif- ication	No.	Test Item	Test Condition and Method	Judgement Standard	Quality Rank	Remark																																									
			Table 2																																												
			<table><tr><th>Vibration Frequency</th><th>Accclera- tion</th><th colspan="2">Test Time</th><th>Total Time</th></tr><tr><td rowspan="4">20~25Hz</td><td>1g</td><td>26H</td><td>30H</td><td rowspan="4">30H : 40M</td></tr><tr><td>2</td><td>3</td><td>50</td></tr><tr><td>3</td><td></td><td>20</td></tr><tr><td>1</td><td>44</td><td>00</td></tr><tr><td rowspan="3">50~100Hz</td><td>1</td><td>44</td><td>00</td><td rowspan="3">50H : 50M</td></tr><tr><td>2</td><td>6</td><td>20</td></tr><tr><td>3</td><td></td><td>30</td></tr><tr><td rowspan="3">100~150Hz</td><td>1</td><td>16</td><td>30</td><td rowspan="3">19H : 10M</td></tr><tr><td>2</td><td>2</td><td>30</td></tr><tr><td>3</td><td></td><td>10</td></tr></table>	Vibration Frequency	Accclera- tion	Test Time		Total Time	20~25Hz	1g	26H	30H	30H : 40M	2	3	50	3		20	1	44	00	50~100Hz	1	44	00	50H : 50M	2	6	20	3		30	100~150Hz	1	16	30	19H : 10M	2	2	30	3		10			
Vibration Frequency	Accclera- tion	Test Time		Total Time																																											
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			<p>(1) Mount the sample in regular attachment position on vibration test table and vibrate up and down.</p> <p>(2) The time requires for one reciprocation between maximum vibration and minimum vibration shall be about 1 min.</p> <p>4-9-2</p> <p>Vibration resistance test (B)</p> <p>Test shall be performed according to KS R 1034 (vibration test method for automobile parts).</p>	<p>NO irregularities such as destroy looseness of respective elements.</p>	B																																										

Table 1

Test Item, Method, Judgement Standard and Quality Rank

Test Classification	No.	Test Item	Test Condition and Method	Judgement Standard	Quality Rank	Remark
Basic Performance	4-1	Stroke	Measure following stroke. (1) The stroke from free condition to light off position (2) Whole stroke	Within the instructed limits of specification or drawing.	B	
	4-2	Play	Measure the Push Rod play of operating direction at free conditions.	Play should be under 0.3 mm at full breadth.	C	
	4-3	Manipulation strength	Measure following load . The load required to switch ON → OFF.	Sliding contact; 1.3 ± 0.5 kg coupling contact (reverse rotating type); 1.2 ± 0.6 kg. However, the variations after test should be within $\pm 40\%$ of the value before test.	B	
	4-4	Terminal intensity	(1) For terminals not located in Fender postion. Add 8 kg of tensile load per one terminal for 1 min to linear direction. (2) For terminals located in Fender portion. Add 8 kg to linear direction and 4kg to rectangular direction respectively per one lead wire for 1 min.	No harmful damage and looseness at soldered portion and fringes. As for the clamp, there shall be no harmful looseness owing to tangling of cords at clamping metal elements.	C	